



Dovetail™ HiChIP *MNase* Kit

USER GUIDE

VERSION 1.1

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Dovetail™ HiChIP MNase Kit Components and Storage

Each kit contains a sufficient supply of materials to perform 8 reactions. Dovetail™ HiChIP MNase Kit comes as two boxes. Store the boxes as listed below immediately upon receipt.

Table 1. Dovetail™ Chromatin Immunoprecipitation Core Box 1 (PN DG-CHIP-001)






















Components	Size	Cap Color	Label Color	Storage
TE Buffer pH 8.0	30 mL Bottle			2°C to 8°C
10X Wash Buffer	60 mL Bottle			
TWB Solution	30 mL Bottle			
2X NTB Solution	30 mL Bottle			
LWB Solution	30 mL Bottle			
NWB Solution	30 mL Bottle			
Protein A/G Beads	0.5 mL Tube			
10X Crosslink Reversal Buffer	2 mL Tube			
Streptavidin Beads	0.5 mL Tube			
10X RIP A	15 mL Tube			
20% SDS	0.5 mL Tube			

Table 2. Dovetail™ Micro-C Module Box 2 (PN DG-NUC-001)

Components	Tube/Bottle Size	Cap Color	Label Color	Storage
MNase Enzyme Mix	0.5 mL Tube			-30°C to -10°C
10X Nuclease Digest Buffer	2 mL Tube			
100 mM MgCl ₂	0.5 mL Tube			
0.5 M EGTA	0.5 mL Tube			
End Polishing Enzyme Mix	0.5 mL Tube			
End Polishing Buffer	2 mL Tube			
5X Bridge Ligation Buffer	0.5 mL Tube			
Bridge Ligase	0.5 mL Tube			
Bridge	0.5 mL Tube			
Intra-Aggregate Ligation Enzyme Mix	0.5 mL Tube			
Intra-Aggregate Ligation Buffer	2 mL Tube			
Proteinase K	0.5 mL Tube			
250 mM DTT	0.5 mL Tube			
HotStart PCR Ready Mix	0.5 mL Tube			

* If no color is specified for Label Color or Cap Color, a white or clear label/cap was used.

Optional Add-on Modules: Components and Storage

Dovetail™ Primer Set For Illumina

Table 3. Dovetail™ Primer Set For Illumina (PN DG-PRS-001)

Components	Size	Cap Color	Label Color	Storage
Index Primers (x 8, different)	0.5 mL Tube	●		-30°C to -10°C
Universal PCR Primer	0.5 mL Tube	●		

* If no color is specified for Label Color or Cap Color, a white or clear label/cap was used.

Dovetail™ Library Module For Illumina

Table 4. Dovetail™ Library Module For Illumina (PN DG-LIB-001)

Components	Size	Cap Color	Label Color	Storage
End Repair Enzyme Buffer	0.5 mL Tube	●		-30°C to -10°C
End Repair Enzyme Mix	0.5 mL Tube	●		
Ligation Enhancer	0.5 mL Tube	●		
Ligation Enzyme Mix	0.5 mL Tube	●		
Adaptor for Illumina	0.5 mL Tube	●		
USER Enzyme Mix	0.5 mL Tube	●		

* If no color is specified for Label Color or Cap Color, a white or clear label/cap was used.

User Supplied Reagents, Consumables and Equipment

Reagents

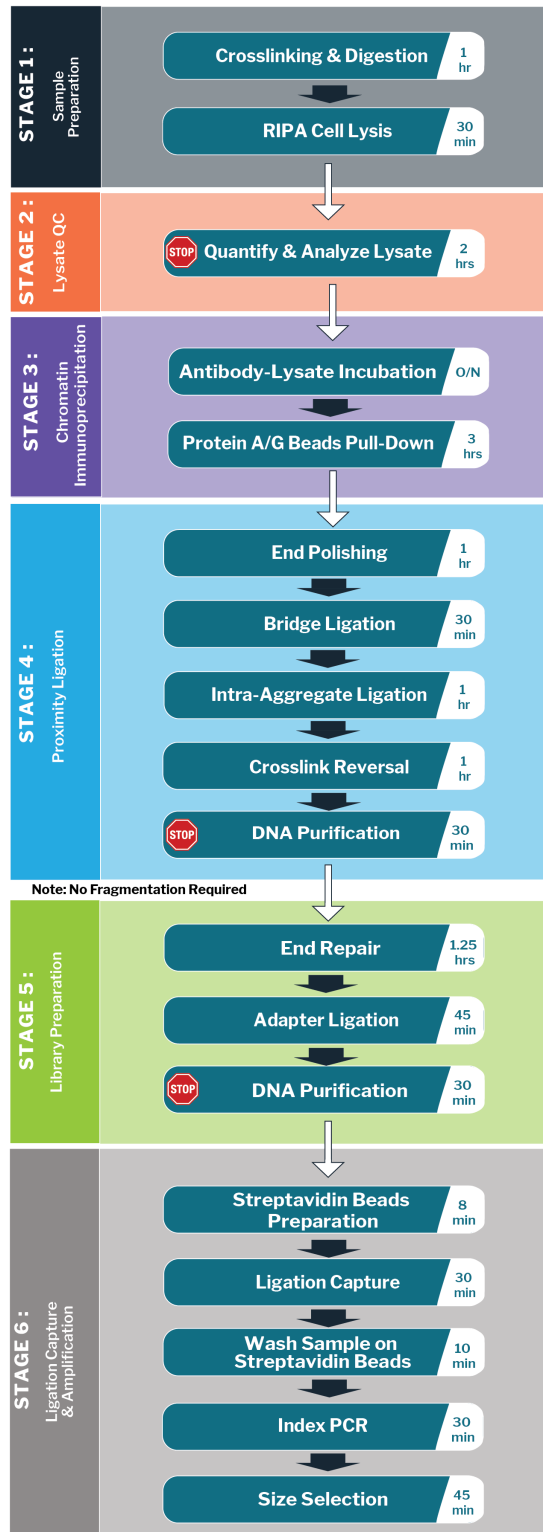
Table 5. Reagents

Reagents	Supplier	Part Number
SPRIselect® Beads, 5 mL	Beckman Coulter	B23317
37% Formaldehyde Solution	Sigma-Aldrich	F8775
1X PBS, pH 7.4, 500 mL	Thermo Fisher Scientific	10010023
100% EtOH	Generic	N/A
UltraPure™ DNase / RNase-Free Distilled Water, 500 mL	Thermo Fisher Scientific	10977015
DNA Clean & Concentrator™-5	Zymo Research	D4013
DSG (Disuccinimidyl Glutarate)	Thermo Fisher Scientific	A35392
DMSO (Dimethyl Sulfoxide, Anhydrous ≥ 99.99%)	Sigma-Aldrich	276855-100ML
cOmplete™ Protease Inhibitor Cocktail	Sigma-Aldrich	11697498001

Consumables and Equipment

Table 6. Consumables and Equipment

Consumables/Equipment	Supplier	Part Number
1.5 mL Low binding microcentrifuge tubes	Generic	
0.2 mL PCR tubes		
5.0 mL centrifuge tubes		
Pipets and pipet tips		
Magnetic separation rack for 0.2 mL and 1.5 mL tubes		
Agitating thermal mixer		
Thermal cycler		
Vortex mixer		
Centrifuge for 0.2 mL, 1.5 mL and 5 mL tubes		
Hemocytometer		
Qubit® Fluorometer	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q33226
Qubit® dsDNA HS Assay Kit	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q32854
Qubit® Assay Tubes	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q32856
TapeStation System (Fragment Analyzer or Bioanalyzer)	Agilent	Various

Dovetail™ HiChIP *MNase* Protocol Overview

Good Practices

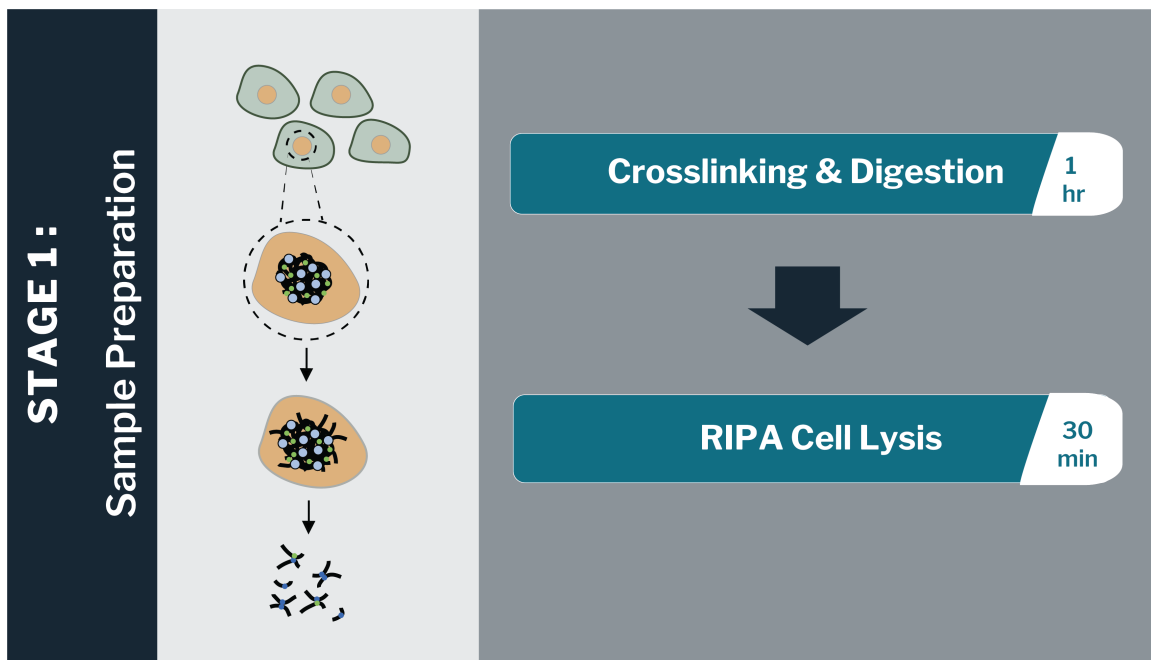
1. Read the entire guide before use, including Before You Begin and the Notes.
2. The cell input amount will influence the efficiency of the digestion reaction. To ensure an accurate cell count, use best practices such as low-speed spins (< 500 x g) using a swinging bucket rotor when harvesting the cells, and counting prior to freezing.
3. To ensure efficient crosslinking, a new or recently opened solution of formaldehyde should be used. Formaldehyde solution containing white precipitates should not be used.
4. Keep all enzymes and master mixes on ice during setup and use. Promptly move reagents back to the indicated storage.
5. Fully thaw buffers, place on ice and thoroughly mix before use.
6. When preparing master mixes, scale the volume of each reagent as appropriate, using 10% excess volume to compensate for pipetting loss.
7. Always add the reagents to the master mix in the specified order as listed throughout the protocol.
8. When working with beads, such as Protein A/G beads, SPRIselect and Streptavidin beads, you should:
 - a. Equilibrate the beads to room temperature before use.
 - b. Thoroughly vortex the beads immediately before use and ensure they are a homogenous slurry before use.
 - c. When placing the tube in the magnetic rack, always wait until the solution looks clear to allow the beads to fully separate before removing the supernatant carefully and slowly. This helps minimize bead/sample loss throughout the protocol.
 - d. Do not let the beads dry out during washing steps. Keep the beads in buffer until ready to resuspend them for the next step.
 - e. After washing the SPRIselect beads with 80% ethanol during DNA purification, do not let the beads over-dry before proceeding with elution. Over-drying the beads may result in lower recovery of DNA.

Stage 1: Sample Preparation (Crosslinking, Digestion and Lysis)

As you prepare for Stage 1, keep the following in mind:

- » Sample preparation takes ~ 1.5 hours.
- » If you are using a Dovetail™ validated antibody (IgG, CTCF, H3K4ac, H3K4me3, H3K14ac, H3K27ac, H3K27me3, H3K36me3, SMC3), start with 1×10^6 cells and follow this protocol for sample preparation. For non-Dovetail™ validated antibodies, start with 10×10^6 cells and follow [Appendix 1: Sample Preparation for \$10 \times 10^6\$ Cell Input, page 31](#).

Figure 1. Stage 1: Sample Preparation



Before You Begin

- » The 10X Wash Buffer and 20% SDS might have precipitated in storage. Incubate these solutions at 37°C for 15 minutes or until the precipitate is no longer visible. Vortex to mix prior to use.
- » Dilute 10X Wash Buffer to 1X with UltraPure™ Water. Store at room temperature. 1X Wash Buffer is stable at room temperature for 2 months. You need ~6 mL of 1X Wash Buffer per sample for the entire protocol.
- » Prepare 0.3 M DSG in DMSO (anhydrous) by dissolving 1 mg of DSG in 10.22 μ L DMSO. DSG is water-insoluble and moisture-sensitive. Prepare **immediately** before use. Do not store DSG in solution.

- » Prepare 25X Proteinase Inhibitors by dissolving 1 tablet of cOmplete™ Protease Inhibitor Cocktail in 2 mL of UltraPure™ Water and place on ice. The 25X Proteinase Inhibitors solution is stable at 4°C for 2 weeks.
- » Prepare fresh 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer and store at room temperature. 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer is stable for 1 day at room temperature. You need 50 µL of 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer per sample. To prepare 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer (50 µL), mix the following components:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra		# Reactions		Final
UltraPure Water	40 µL	44 µL	x	8	=	352 µL
● 10X Nuclease Digest Buffer	5 µL	5.5 µL	x	8	=	44 µL
● 100 mM MgCl ₂	5 µL	5.5 µL	x	8	=	44 µL
Total	50 µL					

- » Set the thermal mixer at 22°C, shaking at 1,250 rpm.
- » Thaw ● 0.5 M EGTA at room temperature. Vortex to mix prior to use.

1.1 Crosslinking and Digestion



NOTES

- » 1 x 10⁶ cells are needed per HiChIP reaction.
- » Pre-freezing the cells is required to get an optimal digestion profile.
- » All crosslinking reactions (steps 5 – 12) should be carried out at room temperature.

Follow the steps below for Crosslinking and Digestion:

1. Harvest the cells, wash with 1X PBS and count.
2. Aliquot 1 x 10⁶ cells into a 1.5 mL tube.
3. Spin the 1 x 10⁶ cell aliquot at 3,000 x g for 5 minutes. Carefully remove and discard the supernatant.
4. Freeze the cell pellet by placing it at -80°C for at least 30 minutes.
5. Thaw your cell pellet at room temperature then resuspend the pellet in:
 - » 1 mL 1X PBS
 - » 10 µL 0.3 M DSG
6. Rotate the tube for 10 minutes at room temperature. Cells should not settle.
7. Add 27 µL 37% formaldehyde.
8. Rotate the tube for 10 minutes at room temperature. Cells should not settle.
9. Spin the tube at 3,000 x g for 5 minutes. Carefully remove and discard the supernatant. Use caution, the pellet might be loose.
10. Wash the pellet with 200 µL of 1X Wash Buffer, pipet up and down to break up clumps and fully resuspend the pellet.
11. Spin the tube at 3,000 x g for 5 minutes. Carefully remove and discard the supernatant.

12. Repeat steps 10 and 11 once, for a total of 2 washes.
13. After removing the second wash, resuspend the cell pellet in 50 μL 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer (freshly prepared, see [Before You Begin, page 11](#)).
14. Add 0.5 μL of ● MNase Enzyme Mix. Pipet up and down to fully mix.
15. Incubate the tube at 22°C for **exactly** 15 minutes in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm. If you are working with a large number of samples, stagger the start of the digestion for each sample by 20 seconds then stop after corresponding 15 minutes.
16. Stop the reaction by adding 5 μL of ● 0.5 M EGTA. Pipet up and down to fully mix.

1.2 RIPA Cell Lysis

Follow the steps below for RIPA Cell Lysis:

1. Add to the sample tube 144.5 μL of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra		# Reactions		Final
UltraPure Water	115.5 μL	127.05 μL	x	8	=	1,016.4 μL
● 10X RIPA	20 μL	22 μL	x	8	=	176 μL
25X Protease Inhibitors	8 μL	8.8 μL	x	8	=	70.4 μL
● 20% SDS	1 μL	1.1 μL	x	8	=	8.8 μL
Total	144.5 μL					

2. Invert the tube to mix then rotate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
3. Spin the tube at 16,000 x g for 2 minutes.
4. Transfer the **SUPERNTANT** (lysate) to a new 1.5 mL tube. This lysate contains the digested chromatin.
5. Continue to [Stage 2: Lysate QC, page 13](#).

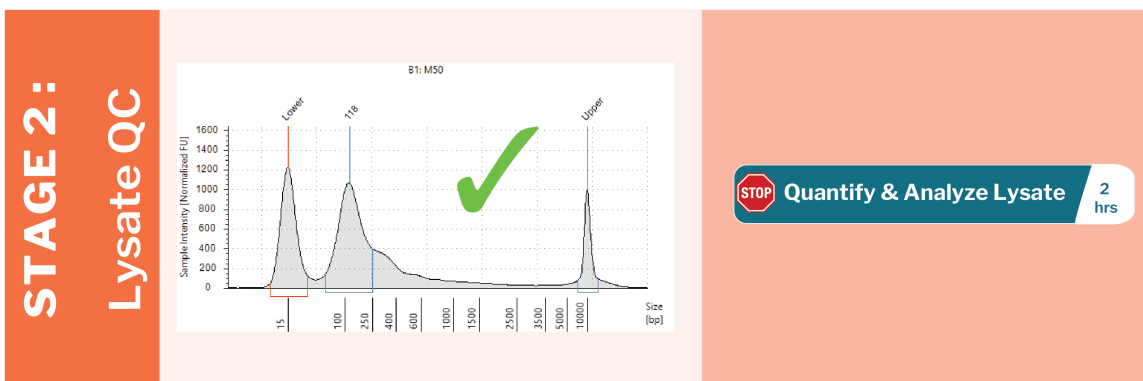
Stage 2: Lysate QC

As you prepare for Stage 2, keep the following in mind:

- » The Lysate QC stage takes ~ 2 hours.
- » This stage has 2 objectives:
 - » Quantify the lysate.
 - » Confirm that the chromatin was properly digested.
- » The protocol below is written for the TapeStation; however, it is also compatible with the Bioanalyzer System and Fragment Analyzer. Please refer to the table below for our recommended kits for each system.

System	Recommended Kits
TapeStation	D5000 HS
Bioanalyzer System	HS DNA
Fragment Analyzer	DNF-488 HS Genomic DNA

Figure 2. Stage 2: Lysate QC



Before You Begin

- » Verify before use that 100% ethanol was added to the DNA Wash Buffer supplied in the Zymo Research DNA Clean & Concentrator™-5 Kit, as directed by the manufacturer.
- » Program the thermal mixer as follows:

Temperature	Time
55°C	15 minutes
68°C	45 minutes
25°C	Hold

- » ● 10X Crosslink Reversal Buffer might have precipitated in storage. Incubate at 37°C for 15 minutes or until the precipitate is no longer visible. Vortex to mix prior to use.

Follow the steps below for Lysate QC:

1. Transfer 10 µL of the lysate to a new 1.5 mL tube labeled QC.



NOTE Store the remainder of the lysate on ice. This is the lysate you will be using in Stage 3.

2. Add to the QC tube 51.5 µL of a master mix containing the following reagents (**in order**):

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra		# Reactions	=	Final
UltraPure Water	45 µL	49.5 µL	x	8	=	396 µL
● 10X Crosslink Reversal Buffer	5 µL	5.5 µL	x	8	=	44 µL
● Proteinase K	1.5 µL	1.65 µL	x	8	=	13.2 µL
Total	51.5 µL					

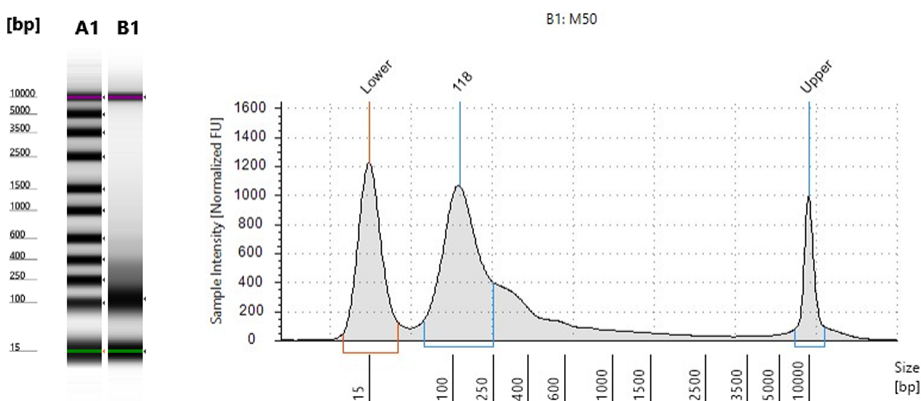
3. Pipet up and down to fully mix. Incubate the QC tube in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm as follows:

Temperature	Time
55°C	15 minutes
68°C	45 minutes
25°C	Hold

4. Purify the QC sample using Zymo Research DNA Clean and Concentrator™-5 Kit (DCC™). Quick spin your QC tube, add 200 µL of DCC™ DNA Binding Buffer, and mix thoroughly.
5. Transfer the mixture to the Zymo-Spin™ Column placed in a collection tube.
6. Centrifuge for 30 seconds at 13,000 x g. Discard the flow-through.
7. Add to the column 200 µL DCC™ DNA Wash Buffer (see [Before You Begin, page 13](#)).
8. Centrifuge for 1 minute at 13,000 x g. Discard the flow-through.
9. Repeat steps 7 and 8 once, for a total of 2 washes.
10. Transfer the column to a new 1.5 mL tube.
11. Add 10 µL DCC™ DNA Elution Buffer directly to the column and incubate for 1 minute at room temperature.
12. Centrifuge for 1 minute at 13,000 x g. Discard the column. Your 1.5 mL tube now contains your purified QC DNA.
13. Quantify 5 µL of your purified QC DNA with a Qubit® Fluorometer and Qubit® dsDNA HS Kit. You should recover a minimum of 100 ng. If you recover < 100 ng, do not proceed to Stage 3. Instead, re-start the protocol with 10 x 10⁶ cells, following [Appendix 1: Sample Preparation for 10 x 10⁶ Cell Input, page 31](#).
 - » Based on your Qubit concentration, your total lysate amount (ng) can be calculated as follows:
 Total Lysate (ng) = Qubit reading ng/µL x 10 µL (elution volume) x 20 (dilution factor)

14. Check the fragment size distribution of your purified QC sample on a TapeStation D5000 HS ScreenTape. **Make sure your sample is diluted to 1 ng/μL.**
 - » The digestion profile should contain at least 30% mononucleosomes: the first DNA peak, typically in the size range of 50 - 250 bp for TapeStation, should account for at least 30% of total DNA (Figure 3). The size range of the peak may vary for other analytical instruments such as Bioanalyzer and Fragment Analyzer. If the digestion profile contains $\geq 30\%$ mononucleosomes, proceed to [Stage 3: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation, page 16](#).
 - » If the digestion profile contains $< 30\%$ mononucleosomes, do not proceed with the rest of the protocol. In this case, please re-start the protocol and extend the MNase digestion time ([Stage 1: Crosslinking and Digestion, page 12](#), step 15) by 45 minutes for a total of 1 hour digest time.

Figure 3. Expected (QC Pass, 62% mononucleosomes) digestion profile, as analyzed on HS D5000 ScreenTape



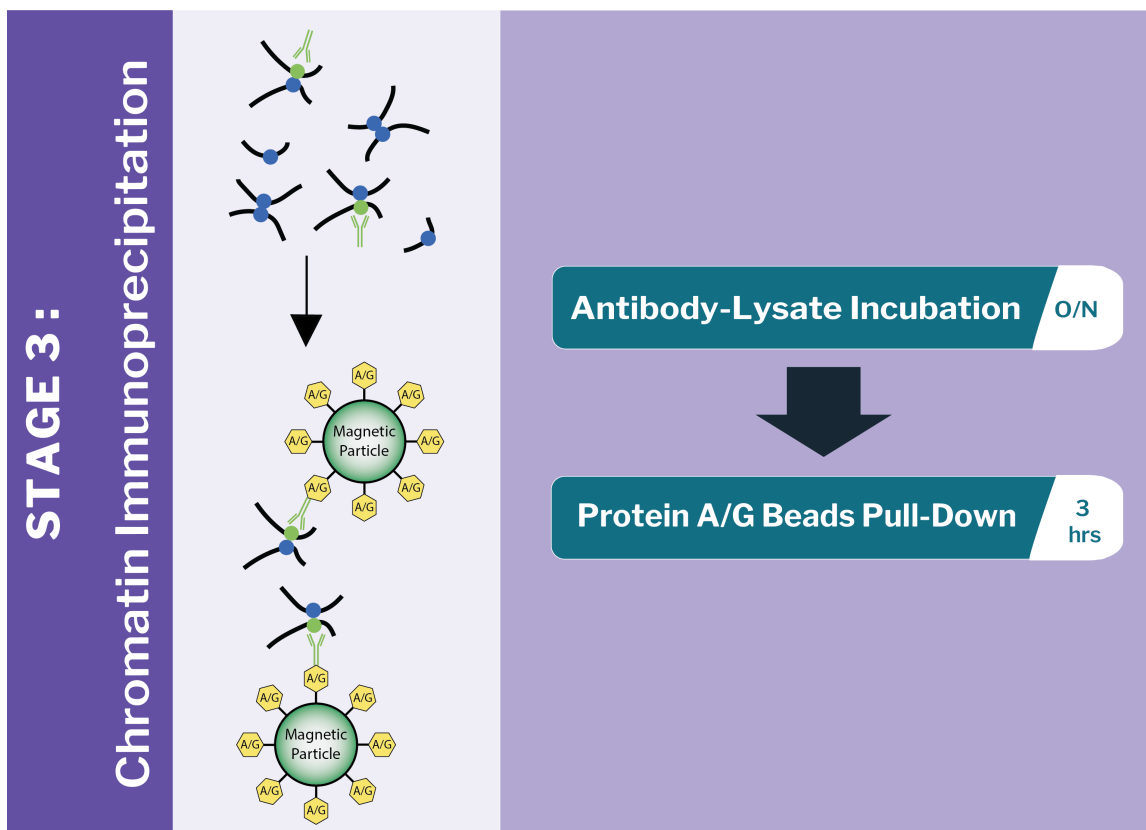
Stage 3: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation

As you prepare for Stage 3, keep the following in mind:

- » Follow best practices when working with beads (see [Good Practices, page 9](#)).
- » The volume of antibody to add to the lysate is dependent on the antibody of interest. Please see table below for validated antibodies.

Dovetail™ Validated Antibody	Supplier	Part Number	Volume to add per 100 ng of lysate
IgG	Cell Signaling	2729	2 µL
CTCF	Cell Signaling	3418	2.5 µL
H3K4ac	Active Motif	39381	2.5 µL
H3K4me3	Cell Signaling	9751	2.5 µL
H3K14ac	Cell Signaling	7627	2.5 µL
H3K27ac	Cell Signaling	8173	2.5 µL
H3K27me3	Cell Signaling	9733	2.5 µL
H3K36me3	Cell Signaling	4909	2.5 µL
SMC3	Abcam	ab9263	2 µL

Figure 4. Stage 3: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation



Before You Begin

- » Dilute ● 10X RIPA to 1X with UltraPure Water. Store at room temperature. 1X RIPA is stable at room temperature for 2 months. You need ~4 mL of 1X RIPA per sample.
- » Equilibrate Protein A/G beads to room temperature.

3.1 Antibody-Lysate Incubation

Follow the steps below for Antibody-Lysate Incubation:

1. Add the appropriate amount of antibody to the remaining lysate from step 1 in [Stage 2: Lysate QC, page 14](#).
2. Invert to mix then rotate at 4°C overnight (at least 12 hours).

3.2 Protein A/G Beads Pull-down

Follow the steps below for Protein A/G Beads Pull-down:

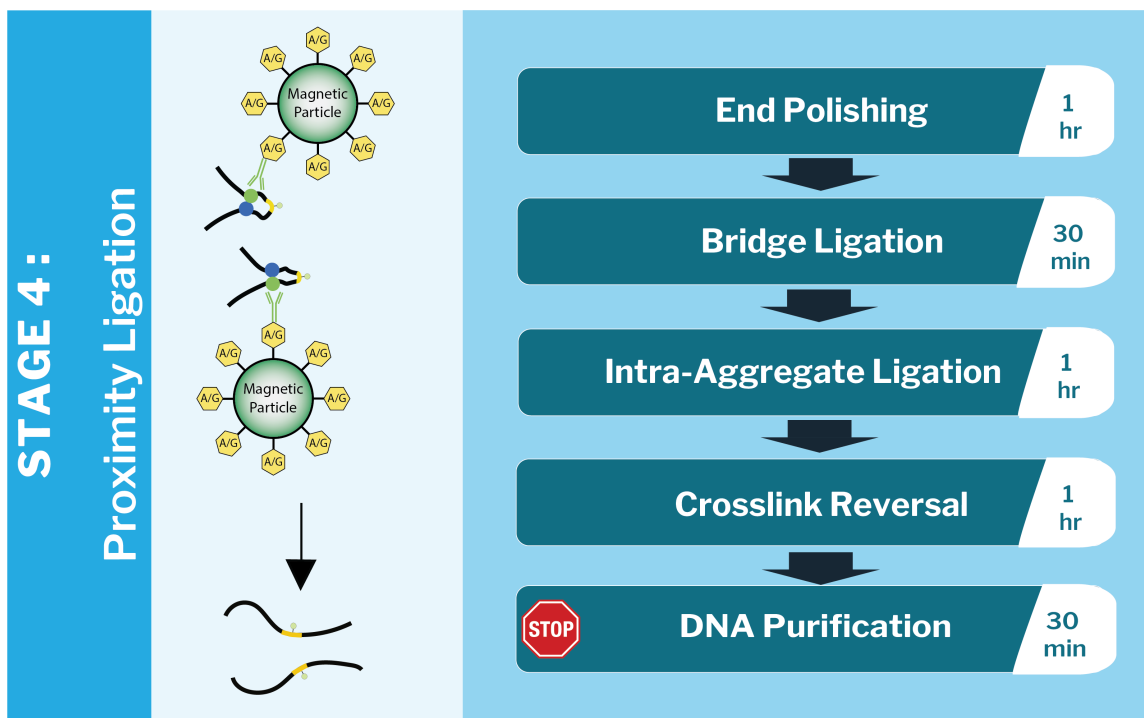
1. Vortex the Protein A/G beads thoroughly (> 30 seconds) to resuspend the beads.
2. Transfer 25 µL of resuspended Protein A/G beads to a new 1.5 mL tube.
3. Place the tube in the magnetic rack for 5 minutes or until the solution looks clear and the beads have fully separated. Discard the supernatant.
4. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and wash the beads with 200 µL 1X RIPA. Pipet up and down to resuspend the beads and place the tube in the magnetic rack for 2 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
5. Repeat step 4 once, for a total of 2 washes.
6. After the last wash has been aspirated, remove the tube from the magnetic rack and resuspend the beads in 50 µL 1X RIPA.
7. Quick spin your antibody-lysate complex that was incubated overnight (see step 2 in [Antibody-Lysate Incubation, page 17](#)) and add it to the tube containing the resuspended beads. Pipet up and down to fully mix.
8. Rotate at room temperature for 2 hours.
9. Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 2 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
10. Wash the beads with 1 mL 1X RIPA: pipet up and down to resuspend the beads, rotate the tube for 5 minutes, quick spin and place the tube in the magnetic rack for 2 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
11. Repeat step 10 twice, for a total of 3 washes.
12. Wash the beads with 1 mL 1X Wash Buffer: pipet up and down to resuspend the beads, rotate the tube for 5 minutes, quick spin and place the tube in the magnetic rack for 2 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
13. Repeat step 12 twice, for a total of 3 washes.
14. Continue to [Stage 4: Proximity Ligation, page 18](#). Do not let the beads dry out.

Stage 4: Proximity Ligation

As you prepare for Stage 4, keep the following in mind:

- » Proximity ligation takes ~ 4 hours.
- » Follow best practices when working with beads (see [Good Practices, page 9](#)).

Figure 5. Stage 4: Proximity Ligation



Before You Begin

- » ● 10X Crosslink Reversal Buffer might have precipitated in storage. Incubate at 37°C for 15 minutes or until the precipitate is no longer visible. Vortex to mix prior to use.
- » Thaw ● End Polishing Buffer, ● 5X Bridge Ligation Buffer, ● Bridge, and ● Intra-Aggregate Ligation Buffer at room temperature. Vortex to mix prior to use.
- » Prepare fresh 80% ethanol for DNA purification with SPRIselect beads for optimal results. Fresh preparations of 80% ethanol will also be used in [Stage 5, DNA Purification, page 26](#) and [Stage 6, Size Selection, page 30](#). You need a minimum of 1 mL for all these stages.
- » Equilibrate TE Buffer pH 8.0 and SPRIselect beads to room temperature.

4.1 End Polishing

Follow the steps below for End Polishing:

1. After the last wash, remove the tube from the magnetic rack and add to the beads 53.5 μ L of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra		# Reactions		Final
● End Polishing Buffer	50 μ L	55 μ L	x	8	=	440 μ L
● End Polishing Enzyme Mix	3.5 μ L	3.85 μ L	x	8	=	30.8 μ L
Total	53.5 μL					

2. Pipet up and down to fully mix. Incubate in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm as follows:

Temperature	Time
22°C	30 minutes
65°C	30 minutes

3. Allow the tube to reach room temperature then place it in the magnetic rack for 1 minute (or until the solution looks clear). Discard the supernatant.
4. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and wash the beads once with 150 μ L 1X Wash Buffer. Pipet up and down to resuspend the beads, place the tube in the magnetic rack. **Do not remove and discard the supernatant at this step.** Keep the tube in the magnetic rack and the beads in buffer to ensure they do not dry out while you prepare for the next reaction.

4.2 Bridge Ligation

Follow the steps below for Bridge Ligation:

1. Prepare and place on ice **fresh** 50 μ L Bridge Ligation Mix by mixing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra		# Reactions		Final
UltraPure Water	35 μ L	38.5 μ L	x	8	=	308 μ L
● 5X Bridge Ligation Buffer	10 μ L	11 μ L	x	8	=	88 μ L
● Bridge	5 μ L	5.5 μ L	x	8	=	44 μ L
Total	50 μL					

2. Remove and discard the supernatant from step 4 in [4.1 End Polishing, page 19](#). Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and add to the beads:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction
Bridge Ligation Mix	50 μ L
● Bridge Ligase	1 μ L
Total	51 μL

4.3 INTRA-AGGREGATE LIGATION

3. Pipet up and down to fully mix. Incubate at 22°C for 30 minutes in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm.
4. Place the tube in the magnetic rack for 1 minute (or until the solution looks clear). Discard the supernatant.
5. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and wash the beads once with 150 µL 1X Wash Buffer. Pipet up and down to resuspend the beads, place the tube in the magnetic rack for 1 minute and discard the supernatant.

4.3 Intra-Aggregate Ligation

Follow the steps below for Intra-Aggregate Ligation:

1. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and add to the beads 52 µL of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra	# Reactions	Final
● Intra-Aggregate Ligation Buffer	50 µL	55 µL	x 8	= 440 µL
● Intra-Aggregate Ligation Enzyme Mix	2 µL	2.2 µL	x 8	= 17.6 µL
Total	52 µL			

2. Pipet up and down to fully mix. Incubate at 22°C for 1 hour in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm.



SAFE STOP For convenience, this ligation reaction can proceed overnight at 22°C in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm.

3. Place the tube in the magnetic rack for 1 minute (or until the solution looks clear). Discard the supernatant.

4.4 Crosslink Reversal

Follow the steps below for Crosslink Reversal:

1. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and add to the beads 51.5 µL of a master mix containing the following reagents (**in order**):

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra	# Reactions	Final
UltraPure Water	45 µL	49.5 µL	x 8	= 396 µL
● 10X Crosslink Reversal Buffer	5 µL	5.5 µL	x 8	= 44 µL
● Proteinase K	1.5 µL	1.65 µL	x 8	= 13.2 µL
Total	51.5 µL			

- Pipet up and down to fully mix. Incubate in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm as follows:

Temperature	Time
55°C	15 minutes
68°C	45 minutes
25°C	Hold



SAFE STOP For convenience, you can hold at 25°C overnight in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm.

- Place the tube in the magnetic rack for 1 minute. Transfer 50 µL of the **SUPERNATANT** to a new 1.5 mL tube. Discard the beads.

4.5 DNA Purification

Follow the steps below for DNA Purification on SPRIselect Beads:

- Vortex the SPRIselect beads thoroughly (>30 seconds) to resuspend.
- Add 90 µL of resuspended SPRIselect beads to the 1.5 mL tube containing your sample.
- Vortex to mix thoroughly. Quick spin the tube (make sure to spin down only briefly and to stop before the beads start to settle).
- Incubate the tube at room temperature, off the magnetic rack, for 5 minutes.
- Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 5 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- Leave the tube in the magnetic rack and wash the beads **twice** with 200 µL **fresh** 80% ethanol. Do not resuspend the beads for these washes. Simply add the ethanol, wait for 1 minute then discard the ethanol supernatant.
- After the last wash, quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 1 minute. Use a 10 µL pipet tip to remove traces of ethanol
- Air dry the beads for 5 minutes in the magnetic rack until no residual ethanol remains. **Do not over dry the beads.**
- Off the magnetic rack, resuspend the beads in 57 µL TE Buffer pH 8.0.
- Vortex to mix thoroughly. Quick spin the tube (make sure to spin down only briefly and to stop before the beads start to settle).
- Incubate at room temperature, off the magnetic rack, for 5 minutes.
- Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 1 minute.
- Transfer 55 µL of the **SUPERNATANT** (purified DNA) to a new tube. Discard the beads.

14. Quantify 5 μL of your purified DNA using a Qubit Fluorometer and Qubit dsDNA HS Kit. The amount of DNA recovered is dependent on the antibody used, and, in some cases, may be below the detection limit.



NOTE The amount of DNA recovered after purification determines the adaptor dilution during library preparation (Stage 5) and number of PCR cycles (Stage 6). This purified DNA will go into library preparation and will also be referred to as DNA input.



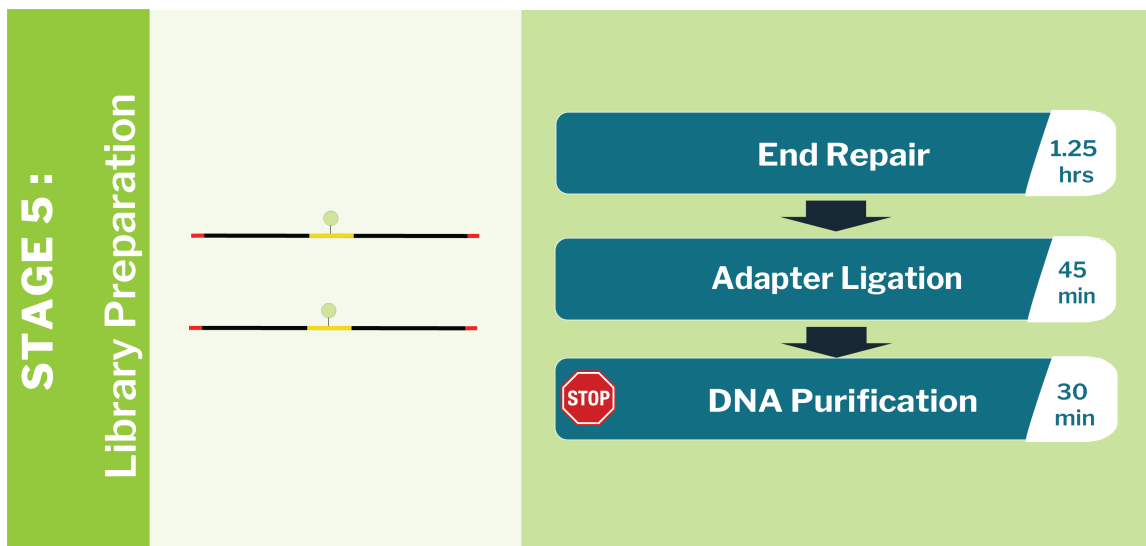
SAFE STOP Purified DNA sample can be stored at -20°C for up to 6 months.

Stage 5: Library Preparation

As you prepare for Stage 5, keep the following in mind:

- » The library preparation protocol does not require fragmentation.
- » The library preparation protocol takes ~ 2.5 hours.
- » Follow best practices when working with beads (see [Good Practices, page 9](#)).

Figure 6. Stage 5: Library Preparation



Before You Begin

- » The ● End Repair Buffer may have precipitated in storage. Incubate for at least 10 minutes at 37°C until there is no visible precipitate.
- » Equilibrate TE Buffer pH 8.0 and SPRIselect beads to room temperature.
- » Thaw ● 250 mM DTT and ● Adaptor for Illumina at room temperature. Vortex to mix prior to use.

5.1 End Repair

Follow the steps below for End Repair:

1. Place the 50 μL of purified DNA input in a 0.2 mL PCR tube.
2. Add to the PCR tube 10.5 μL of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra		# Reactions		Final
● End Repair Buffer	7 μL	7.7 μL	x	8	=	61.6 μL
● End Repair Enzyme Mix	3 μL	3.3 μL	x	8	=	26.4 μL
● 250 mM DTT	0.5 μL	0.55 μL	x	8	=	4.4 μL
Total	10.5 μL					

3. Pipet up and down to fully mix. Quick spin the tube.
4. Incubate in a thermal cycler as follows:

Temperature	Time
20°C	30 minutes
65°C	30 minutes
12°C	Hold

5.2 Adapter Ligation and USER Digest

Follow the steps below for Adapter Ligation and USER Digest:

1. Determine whether adaptor dilution is necessary. If DNA input is < 5 ng, dilute the ● Adaptor for Illumina in 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5 containing 10 mM NaCl, as indicated below.

Input	Adaptor Dilution
500 ng – 5 ng	No Dilution
< 5 ng	2.5-fold (1:2.5)

2. Add to the PCR tube containing the end-repaired sample the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction
● Adaptor for Illumina (or diluted Adaptor if DNA input < 5 ng)	2.5 µL
● Ligation Enzyme Mix	30 µL
● Ligation Enhancer	1 µL
Total	33.5 µL



NOTE The Ligation Enzyme Mix and Ligation Enhancer can be mixed ahead of time. The master mix is stable for 8 hours at 4°C. We do not recommend adding the Adaptor for Illumina to the master mix.

3. Pipet up and down to fully mix. Quick spin the tube.
4. Incubate at 20°C for 15 minutes in a thermal cycler. Hold at 12°C.
5. Following incubation, add 3 µL of ● USER Enzyme Mix to the PCR tube.
6. Pipet up and down to fully mix. Quick spin the tube.
7. Incubate at 37°C for 15 minutes in a thermal cycler. Hold at 12°C.

5.3 DNA Purification

Follow the steps below for DNA Purification:

1. Vortex the SPRIselect beads thoroughly (>30 seconds) to resuspend.
2. Add 80 μ L of resuspended SPRIselect beads to the PCR tube containing the adaptor-ligated sample.
3. Vortex to mix thoroughly. Quick spin the tube (make sure to spin down only briefly and to stop before the beads start to settle).
4. Incubate the tube at room temperature, off the magnetic rack, for 5 minutes.
5. Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 5 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
6. Leave the tube in the magnetic rack and wash the beads **twice** with 200 μ L **fresh** 80% ethanol. Do not resuspend the beads for these washes. Simply add the ethanol, wait for 1 minute then discard the ethanol supernatant.
7. Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 1 minute. Use a 10 μ L pipet tip to remove traces of ethanol
8. Air dry the beads for 5 minutes in the magnetic rack until no residual ethanol remains. **Do not over dry the beads.**
9. Off the magnetic rack, resuspend the beads in 100 μ L TE Buffer pH 8.0.
10. Vortex to mix thoroughly. Quick spin the tube (make sure to spin down only briefly and to stop before the beads start to settle).
11. Incubate at room temperature, off the magnetic rack, for 5 minutes.
12. Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 1 minute.
13. Transfer 95 μ L of the **SUPERNATANT** (purified adaptor-ligated DNA) to a new tube. Discard the beads.



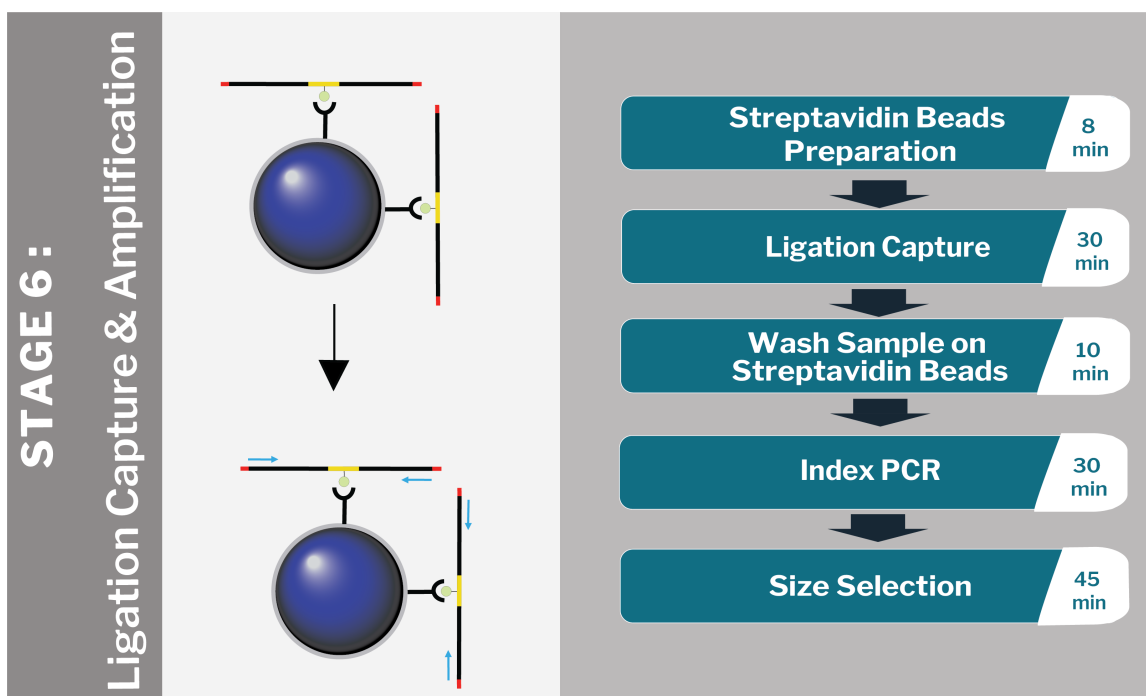
SAFE STOP Purified DNA sample can be stored at -20°C overnight.

Stage 6: Ligation Capture and Amplification

As you prepare for Stage 6, keep the following in mind:

- » The Ligation Capture and Amplification protocol takes ~ 2 hours.
- » Follow best practices when working with beads (see [Good Practices, page 9](#)).

Figure 7. Stage 6: Ligation Capture and Amplification



Before You Begin

- » Thaw ● Universal PCR Primer, ● Index Primer, and HotStart PCR Ready Mix at room temperature. Vortex to mix prior to use.
- » Equilibrate TE Buffer pH 8.0, SPRIselect beads, ● Streptavidin Beads, ● TWB, ● 2X NTB, ● LWB, and ● NWB to room temperature.

6.1 Streptavidin Beads Preparation



NOTE This step does not involve any DNA sample.

Follow the steps below for Ligation Capture and Amplification:

1. Vortex the ● Streptavidin Beads vial thoroughly (> 30 seconds) to resuspend the beads. Transfer 25 μL of resuspended ● Streptavidin beads to a new 1.5 mL tube.
2. Place the 1.5 mL tube containing the beads in the magnetic rack for 5 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
3. Remove the tube from the magnetic rack and wash the beads with 200 μL ■ TWB: pipet up and down to resuspend the beads and place the tube in the magnetic rack for 1 minute. Discard the supernatant.
4. Repeat step 3 once, for a total of 2 washes.
5. After the second wash, resuspend the beads in 100 μL ■ 2X NTB. Pipet up and down to fully mix.

6.2 Ligation Capture

Follow the steps below for Ligation Capture:

1. Transfer the 95 μL of purified adaptor-ligated DNA (from step 13 in [5.3 DNA Purification, page 26](#)) to the 1.5 mL tube containing the Streptavidin beads resuspended in 100 μL of 2X NTB.
2. Vortex to mix thoroughly. Quick spin the tube (make sure to spin down only briefly and to stop before the beads start to settle).
3. Incubate at 25°C for 30 minutes in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm.

6.3 Wash Sample on Streptavidin Beads



NOTE For each of the washes below, remove the tube from the magnetic rack, add the indicated buffer to the beads, pipet up and down to resuspend the beads, place the tube in the magnetic rack for 1 minute, and discard the supernatant. Remove all of the supernatant between each wash; residual supernatant can interfere with the downstream PCR.

Follow the steps below for Wash Sample on Streptavidin Beads:

1. Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 1 minute. Discard the supernatant.
2. Wash the beads once with 200 μL ■ LWB.
3. Wash the beads **twice** with 200 μL ■ NWB.
4. Wash the beads **twice** with 200 μL 1X Wash Buffer.

6.4 Index PCR



NOTE Not all PCR enzymes and master mixes are compatible for amplification in the presence of Streptavidin beads. Please use the HotStart PCR Ready Mix supplied in your Dovetail Kit (Box 2).

Follow the steps below for Index PCR:

1. After the last wash, remove the tube from the magnetic rack and add to the beads 45 μ L of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra		# Reactions		Final
UltraPure Water	15 μ L	16.5 μ L	x	8	=	132 μ L
HotStart PCR Ready Mix	25 μ L	27.5 μ L	x	8	=	220 μ L
● Universal PCR Primer	5 μ L	5.5 μ L	x	8	=	44 μ L
Total	45 μL					

2. Add 5 μ L ● Index Primer to the PCR reaction. Use one Index Primer per PCR reaction (see [Appendix 2: Index Primers, page 34](#)).
3. Pipet up and down to fully mix then transfer to a new 0.2 mL PCR tube.
4. Quick spin the tube (make sure to spin down only briefly and to stop before the beads start to settle). Place the tube into the thermal cycler and run the following program:

Step	Temperature	Time	Cycles	
Enzyme Activation	98°C	3 minutes	1	
Denature	98°C	20 seconds	See table below	
Anneal	65°C	20 seconds		
Extend	72°C	30 seconds		
Extend	72°C	1 minute		1
	12°C	Hold		1

DNA Input (Stage 4.5, Step 14)	Cycles
\geq 100 ng	12
< 100 ng - 5 ng	14
< 5 ng	16

6.5 Size Selection

Follow the steps below for Size Selection:

1. Quick spin the PCR tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 1 minute.
2. Transfer 47 μL of the **SUPERNTANT** to a new 1.5 mL tube. Discard the beads.
3. Add 53 μL of TE Buffer pH 8.0 to the 1.5 mL tube to bring the volume of the sample in the tube to 100 μL .
4. Vortex the SPRIselect beads thoroughly (>30 seconds) to resuspend.
5. Add 50 μL of resuspended SPRIselect beads to the 1.5 mL tube containing your sample.
6. Vortex to mix thoroughly. Quick spin the tube (make sure to spin down only briefly and to stop before the beads start to settle).
7. Incubate the tube at room temperature, off the magnetic rack, for 10 minutes.
8. Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 5 minutes.
9. Transfer 145 μL of the **SUPERNTANT** to a new 1.5 mL tube. Discard the beads.
10. Add 30 μL of resuspended SPRIselect beads to the 1.5 mL tube containing your sample.
11. Vortex to mix thoroughly. Quick spin the tube (make sure to spin down only briefly and to stop before the beads start to settle).
12. Incubate the tube at room temperature, off the magnetic rack, for 10 minutes.
13. Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 5 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
14. Leave the tube in the magnetic rack and wash the beads **twice** with 200 μL **fresh** 80% ethanol. Do not resuspend the beads for these washes. Simply add the ethanol, wait for 1 minute then discard the ethanol supernatant.
15. Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 1 minute. Use a 10 μL pipet tip to remove traces of ethanol.
16. Air dry the beads for 5 minutes in the magnetic rack until no residual ethanol remains. **Do not over dry the beads.**
17. Off the magnetic rack, resuspend the beads in 30 μL TE Buffer pH 8.0.
18. Vortex to mix thoroughly. Quick spin the tube (make sure to spin down only briefly and to stop before the beads start to settle).
19. Incubate the tube at room temperature, off the magnetic rack, for 5 minutes.
20. Quick spin the tube and place it in the magnetic rack for 1 minute.
21. Transfer 28 μL of the **SUPERNTANT** to a new 1.5 mL tube. The supernatant is your size selected library. Discard the beads.
22. Quantify your size selected library using a Qubit Fluorometer and Qubit dsDNA HS Kit.
23. Use a TapeStation or Bioanalyzer to verify the size distribution of your size selected library. The size range is expected to be between 350 bp and 1,000 bp.



SAFE STOP The library can be stored at -20°C for up to 6 months.

Appendix 1: Sample Preparation for 10 x 10⁶ Cell Input

As you prepare for 10 x 10⁶ cell input, keep the following in mind:

- » Sample preparation takes 1.5 hours.
- » You are following this appendix for non-Dovetail™ validated antibodies that require starting with 10 x 10⁶ cell input.

Before You Begin

- » The 10X Wash Buffer and ● 20% SDS might have precipitated in storage. Incubate these solutions at 37°C for 15 minutes or until the precipitate is no longer visible. Vortex to mix prior to use.
- » Dilute 10X Wash Buffer to 1X with UltraPure™ Water. Store at room temperature. 1X Wash Buffer is stable at room temperature for 2 months. You need ~6 mL of 1X Wash Buffer per sample for the entire protocol.
- » Prepare 0.3 M DSG in DMSO (anhydrous) by dissolving 1 mg of DSG in 10.22 µL DMSO. DSG is water-insoluble and moisture-sensitive. Prepare **immediately** before use. Do not store DSG in solution.
- » Prepare 25X Proteinase Inhibitors by dissolving 1 tablet of cOmplete™ Protease Inhibitor Cocktail in 2 mL of UltraPure™ Water and place on ice. The 25X Proteinase Inhibitors solution is stable at 4°C for 2 weeks.
- » Thaw ● 0.5 M EGTA at room temperature. Vortex to mix prior to use.
- » Prepare fresh 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer and store at room temperature. 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer is stable for 1 day at room temperature. You need 100 µL of 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer per sample. To prepare 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer (100 µL), mix the following components:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra		# Reactions		Final
● 10X Nuclease Digest Buffer	10 µL	11 µL	x	8	=	88 µL
● 100 mM MgCl ₂	10 µL	11 µL	x	8	=	88 µL
UltraPure Water	80 µL	88 µL	x	8	=	704 µL
Total	100 µL					

- » Set the thermal mixer at 22°C, shaking at 1,250 rpm.

Crosslinking and Digestion



NOTES

- » 10 x 10⁶ cells are needed per HiChIP reaction.
- » Pre-freezing the cells is required to get an optimal digestion profile.
- » All crosslinking reactions (steps 5 – 12) should be carried out at room temperature.

Follow the steps below for Crosslinking and Digestion:

1. Harvest the cells, wash with 1X PBS and count.
2. Aliquot 10 x 10⁶ cells into a 1.5 mL tube.
3. Spin the 10 x 10⁶ cell aliquot at 3,000 x g for 5 minutes. Carefully discard the supernatant.
4. Freeze the cell pellet by placing it at -80°C for at least 30 minutes.
5. Thaw your cell pellet at room temperature then resuspend the pellet in:
 - » 1 mL 1X PBS
 - » 10 µL 0.3 M DSG
6. Rotate the tube for 10 minutes at room temperature. Cells should not settle.
7. Add 27 µL 37% formaldehyde.
8. Rotate the tube for 10 minutes at room temperature. Cells should not settle.
9. Spin the tube at 3,000 x g for 5 minutes. Carefully discard the supernatant. Use caution, the pellet might be loose.
10. Wash the pellet with a total of 1 mL 1X Wash buffer: first add 200 µL of wash buffer and pipet to break up clumps, then add the remaining 800 µL. Pipet up and down to fully resuspend the pellet.
11. Spin the tube at 3,000 x g for 5 minutes. Carefully discard the supernatant.
12. Repeat steps 10 and 11 once, for a total of 2 washes.
13. After removing the second wash, resuspend the cell pellet in 100 µL 1X Nuclease Digest Buffer (freshly prepared, see [Before You Begin, page 31](#)).
14. Add 1 µL of ● MNase Enzyme Mix. Pipet up and down to fully mix.
15. Incubate the tube at 22°C for **exactly** 15 minutes in an agitating thermal mixer set at 1,250 rpm. If you are working with a large number of samples, stagger the start of the digestion for each sample by 20 seconds then stop after corresponding 15 minutes.
16. Stop the reaction by adding 10 µL of ● 0.5 M EGTA. Pipet up and down to fully mix.

RIPA Cell Lysis

Follow the steps below for RIPA Cell Lysis:

1. Add to the sample tube 89 μL of a master mix containing the following reagents:

Reagent	Volume Per Reaction	10% Extra		# Reactions		Final
UltraPure Water	60 μL	66 μL	x	8	=	528 μL
● 10X RIPA	20 μL	22 μL	x	8	=	176 μL
25X Protease Inhibitors	8 μL	8.8 μL	x	8	=	70.4 μL
● 20% SDS	1 μL	1.1 μL	x	8	=	8.8 μL
Total	89 μL					

2. Invert the tube to mix then rotate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
3. Spin the tube at 16,000 x g for 2 minutes.
4. Transfer the **SUPERNTANT** (lysate) to a new 1.5 mL tube. This lysate contains the digested chromatin.
5. Continue to [Stage 2: Lysate QC, page 13](#).

Appendix 2: Index Primers

Primer Set for Illumina includes the following eight index primers:

Table 7. Index Primers

Index Primer	Sequence
Index Primer 2	CGATGT
Index Primer 4	TGACCA
Index Primer 5	ACAGTG
Index Primer 6	GCCAAT
Index Primer 7	CAGATC
Index Primer 8	ACTTGA
Index Primer 12	CTTGTA
Index Primer 19	GTGAAA

To choose which index primers to use for multiplexing, please refer to the table below:

Table 8. Index Primers to use for Multiplexing

Number of Libraries	Index Primer Combination
2	6 and 12 or 5 and 19
3	2, 7 and 19 or either of the 2-plex options plus any other Index Primer
4	5, 6, 12 and 19 or either of the 3-plex options plus any other Index Primer